

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL
NAVAJO POLICE DEPARTMENT
Full size Sport Utility Vehicle (SUV)
SSV/PPV, Police Vehicle
BID NUMBER: 21-03-2437LE

I. Purpose of Request

The Navajo Police Department (NPD) is requesting proposals to secure EIGHT (8) fully equipped, full size Sport Utility Vehicles (SUV) SSV/PPV, police vehicles for use by commissioned command staff. The selection will be based on overall price, services, performance and reliability of the proposers. The NPD' s needs are outlined in the following Request for Proposal (RFP).

II. Time Schedule

It is NPD's intent to adhere to the following process and timetable, resulting in the selection of a vendor. At NPD's discretion, it may change the estimated dates and the process set forth below as it deems necessary including but not limited to interviews.

NPD issues RFP	05 March 2021
Deadline for submittal of proposals by 5:00 PM	26 March 2021
Evaluation of submitted proposals	30 March 2021
Notice of conditional selection and initiate award process	02 April 2021
Award by the Navajo Nation (Tentative date)	09 April 2021

III. Instruction for Proposers

A. All proposals must be addressed to:

Delivery:	Lorita Etsitty, Buyer
FedEx/UPS	Purchasing Service Department
Hand Delivery	Admin Building One
	Window Rock Boulevard
	Window Rock, Arizona 86515
Mailing:	Lorita Etsitty, Buyer
USPS	Purchasing Service Department
	Post Office Box 3150
	Window Rock, Arizona 86515

**Note this delivery and address surname is limited only to the proposal delivery and mailing. **

- B. All proposals must be in a sealed envelope and clearly marked "**NPD Full size Sport Utility Vehicle (SUV) SSV/PPV, police vehicles, BID NO. 21-03-2437LE**". The name and address of the proposing vendor must be shown on the face of the envelope.
- C. Any questions or inquiries regarding the scope of work should be brought to the attention of:

Martin Page, Police Captain

Navajo Police Department 928-871-6363

martinpage@navajo-nsn.gov

- D. All proposals must be received by 5:00 PM Mountain Standard Time on Friday, March 26, 2021. Proposals will not be accepted after this deadline. Two (2) copies of the proposal must be enclosed in the sealed envelope. No facsimile, electronic or telephone proposals will be accepted.
- E. Proposals should be prepared simply and economically, providing straight forward, concise description of provider capabilities to satisfy the requirements of the request. Special bindings, colored displays, promotional materials, are not desired.
- F. NPD will notify proposers of the outcome of their proposals on or near the date indicated in the above time schedule.
- G. Proposals submitted must include:
 1. Description of the proposers' experience and capabilities in delivering the requested goods and services to government, corporate or law enforcement agencies. Delivery to law enforcement agencies should be emphasized.
 2. Proposer must include in their RFP a list of (3) commercial fleet client references that can be used as references. Selected organizations may be contacted to determine the quality of work and services provided. The references should be law enforcement agencies if possible.
 3. Provide insight describing the certification and work experience for the key staff who would be assigned to provide the requested goods and services to NPD.
 4. Identify from what location the proposer will provide the goods and service to NPD. Please include the manufacturing site of the NPD full size sport utility vehicle (SUV) SSV/PPV police vehicles.
 5. Describe the process that would be established to ensure timelines of response to the NPD staff and status reporting during the time line.
 6. Define the process and timeline you anticipate for delivery of the identified goods.
 7. Describe your preference for method of payment and your procedure for billing and other account requirements. The proposer should be aware and acknowledge

the preferred method for the Navajo Nation purchase will be by Navajo Nation Purchase Order.

8. COSTS: Provide a proposed fee for the project based on the scope of work as outlined in the proposal. The fee should include the following:

- a. Base fee for the goods and services outlined.
- b. Define any additional or variable charges proposed that would be in addition to the base fee.
- c. All bids should include the price of the vehicle and the upfit for police services, included in the total vehicle price.

9. License requirement. Please refer to section VIII.

10. A completed W-9 Form (Exhibit B).

11. A Navajo Nation Certification Regarding Debarment and Suspension (Exhibit C).

IV. Selection Criteria

NPD will use the following criteria in its evaluation and comparison of proposal submitted. The order in which they appear is not intended to indicate their relative importance.

- A. Compliance with the RFP requirements.
- B. Understanding of the goods to be purchased and adherence to fulfilling mandatory specifications requirement.
- C. Experience in conducting similar scope, complexity and magnitude for other police agencies, with a preference for experience with similarly sized police agencies.
- D. Capacity and ability to complete the project in a timely manner.
- E. Price
- F. References

NPD shall not be obligated to accept the lowest priced proposal, but shall make an award to the most responsible and responsive proposer whose proposal is most advantageous to and best serves the needs of NPD and the Navajo Nation taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth.

V. Scope of Purchase

The scope of work to be covered are attached herein (Exhibit A).

VI. Terms and Conditions

- A. NPD reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, and to waive minor irregularities in any proposal.
- B. NPD reserves the right to request clarification of information submitted and to request additional information from any proposer.

C. The information submitted will be analyzed and may be shared internally, appear in reports, as appropriate and at NPD' s discretion. Proprietary, classified, confidential or sensitive information should be clearly marked in your response. NPD reserves the right to use any non-proprietary information. No basis for claims against NPD shall arise as a result of a response to this RFP or from NPD's use of such information.

D. NPD reserves the right to award all or a portion of the required goods and services to more than one qualified proposer at NPD' s sole discretion.

E. The contract resulting from acceptance of a proposal by NPD shall be in a form supplied or approved by NPD and shall reflect the specifications in this RFP. The purchase order terms and conditions are attached.

F. After preliminary selection and prior contract award, NPD will meet with the proposer to review procedures for invoicing, payment, reporting, if any, and monitoring contract performance.

G. NPD shall not be responsible for any costs incurred by the proposer in preparing, submitting or presenting its response to this RFP.

H. Nothing in the RFP is intended to or shall have the effect of waiving any privileges or immunities afforded the Navajo Nation including, but not limited to, sovereign immunity or official immunity and it is expressly agreed the Navajo Nation retains such privileges.

I. The Navajo Nation is a sovereign government and all contracts entered into as a result of the RFP shall comply with the Navajo Nation law, rules, regulations, including the Navajo Preference in Employment Act, and applicable federal law, rules and regulations.

VII. Compensation

A. Present detailed information for the identified goods and services, inclusive of Navajo Nation sales tax (6%) [24NNC 201et seg]. The Navajo Nation will not pay any other tax associated to this service purchase.

B. In the event you have specific questions regarding the applicability of this tax, please contact the Office of the Navajo Tax Commission, Compliance Department at 928-871-6681.

C. Payment by NPD for the identified goods and services will only be made after the identified goods and services have been delivered and accepted by authorized NPD representatives. This includes all pertinent documents, including invoice and acceptance of vehicles according to specifications.

D. Bid price shall be effective on date of award and the availability of funds will determine the number of vehicles to be purchased, and additional procurement for like kind and quality of vehicles also qualifies for bid price. NPD personnel will make on-site visits to either manufacturer's/bidder's facilities, as needed, to ensure compliance with and specifications are met, or approve any deviations, if necessary.

E. The Navajo Nation Fleet Management will receive, at time of delivery of vehicles, all pertinent documents necessary for titling and licensing vehicles, documents include Manufacturer 's Statement of Origin and Odometer statement. Only Fleet Management will

be responsible for registering all vehicles through the Navajo Nation Property Management Department.

F. Payment will be made after delivery of the vehicles and receipt of all pertinent documents, including invoice. Temporary license sticker must accompany delivery if no release of Manufacture Statement of Origin is included as part of the documents; and will delay timely payment.

G. NPD requires all vendors to have a Department of Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 on file with the Navajo Nation to accommodate payment. Itemized billings shall be submitted upon completion containing information specified by NPD as described in Exhibit A.

VIII. License Requirement

A. Proposer must be licensed in the Navajo Nation if performing the goods and services on the Nation or they must be licensed in the state where the goods and service will be provided.

B. The Navajo Nation shall require the proposer to provide evidence of appropriate professional liability insurance. Describe how you would provide and in what coverage amounts.

EXHIBIT A

Scope of Purchase

The Navajo Police Department is seeking to purchase Eight (8) vehicles from an authorized and fully certified licensed automotive dealership that meets all the standards and qualifications from the vehicle manufacture in terms of facilities, equipment, parts, tools and trained technicians to handle all required services. Vehicles must be delivered in a timely manner as bid evaluation will be based on most responsive bid in accordance to specifications and criteria. Bid price shall be F.O.B. to Window Rock and to the designated delivery point at Fleet Management Department. Vehicles shall be delivered to the Navajo Nation free from any purchase money or other lien or security interest. The manufacturer's published warranty for each vehicle shall apply to all vehicles purchased by the Navajo Police Department.

The Navajo Police Department is requesting proposals on eight (8) Full size utility vehicle (SUV) SSV/PPV, police vehicles upfitted for police services, for purchase using a Navajo Nation Purchase Order. Please review the Purchase Order Terms and Conditions which are attached. The vehicles will be the newest year model. All materials are to be clean, new and free of any defects. All workmanship is to be of first quality.

The Navajo Police Vehicle will be used by Command Staff personnel in the performance of their duties. The Command Staff personnel will provide police services to the communities within the exterior boundaries of the Navajo Nation and will travel on and off the Navajo Nation attending to meetings and community concerns.

The vehicle will be a full-size Police package, sport utility vehicle (SUV) equipped with 4x4 capabilities, a solid color and upfitted for police services. See requirements and specifications outlined below.

Vehicle:

2021 Full size Utility Vehicle (SUV), 4x4, SSV / PPV, Police package with upfit.

4x4 Wheel Drive.

Factory Window Tint.

Machined Aluminum Wheels.

Remote Keyless Entry.

Trailer Tow Package.

Police Upfit:

Electrical system: mini patrol power Gen I, universal.

Power Fascia LED, stud mount, 12 LED, red/white Grill lights, 2 levels. Drivers side.

Power Fascia LED, stud mount, 12 LED, red/white Grill lights, 2 levels. Passenger side. 90

Degree Adjustable mounting bracket for mPower LED.

Windshield light bar NForce visor bar red/blue.

25foot radio coax cable kit with fine.

Larsen black plastic rain cap for NMO mount.

NMOWB I 50BCO, ½ wave with whip.

Intersector LED under mirror light, RED/White, Blue/White.

Motorola Radio APX 4500 (VHF).

400 series I 00w console knob siren with 100w siren speaker

Center console.

2021 Troy Expedition console. 18inch with (7" slope front/11" level rear) with console floor plate.

9x3 arm rest with L bracket 5".

Internal beverage holder with rubber inserts. 2

DC outlets and USB port.

Mic clip and mounting plate assembly magnetic.

Traffic controller Dual color 12 LED RA/BA.

Sound off backflash module (Ford).

Rear vault storage, 48x35x12 with "T" handle locks carpet top.

Wiring harness and power distribution block. AEP EVT certified installation.

Please respond by March 26, 2021, 5 p.m. Mountain Standard Time. RFBs received after the specified time, will not be accepted. Please allow adequate time for delivery. If using a courier service, the dealership is responsible for ensuring the delivery will be made directly to the required location. Include applicable fees and 6% Navajo Nation Tax (the Navajo Nation does not pay Federal or State Taxes).

EXHIBIT B
FORMW-9
(REV. 10-2018)

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p>	<p>1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.</p> <hr/> <p>2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above</p> <hr/> <p>3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation S=S corporation P=Partnership) • Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. Do not check LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the owner of the LLC is another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) •</p>	<p>4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):</p> <p>Exempt payee code (if any) _____</p> <p>Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____</p> <p><small>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</small></p>
<p>5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions.</p>		<p>Requester's name and address (optional)</p>
<p>6 City, state, and ZIP code</p>		
<p>7 List account number(s) here (optional)</p>		

ma Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> [] - [] - [] [] [] [] [] </div>
or Employer identification number

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date •
------------------	----------------------------	--------

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding.

later.

Cat. No. 10231X

Form **W-9** (Rev. 10-2018)

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) ...	THEN check the box for ...
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual • Sole proprietorship, or • Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, • LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or • LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership ; C= C corporation, or S= S corporation)
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and /or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1- An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2- The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4-A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6-A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7-A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9-An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11-A financial institution
- 12-A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for ...
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A-An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D-A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E-A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F-A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G-A real estate investment trust

H-A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a) J-

A bank as defined in section 581

K-A broker

L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(9) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.

You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments " include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions , payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABL accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account'
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner'
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner"
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor•

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an **SSN**, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or OBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

***Note:** The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers .

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

EXHIBIT C

DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION

NAVAJO NATION CERTIFICATION
Regarding Debarment and
Suspension

Applicant acknowledges that to the best of his/her knowledge that their company and principal participants on this contract:

1. Are not debarred, suspended, or otherwise slated for debarment, ineligible and/or excluded from participation on Federal, State, and Tribal Government contracts etc.
2. Are not presently nor have been under criminal indictment or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, and Tribal Government) for fraud, forgery, falsification, theft, bribery, destruction of records, receiving stolen property and other criminal offenses in the administration of a government contract.
3. Have not been terminated for cause or convenience by a governmental entity in the administration of a government contract (Federal, State, and Tribal Government).
4. If the Navajo Nation determines that the Certificate provided herein is not true, it will be grounds to terminate the contract and pursue other legal remedies.

Applicant's Address

Name & Signature of Applicant

Type or Print Name

Signature

Date